



UNNAT BHARAT ABHIYAN

ISBR College, Bangalore

VILLAGE DEVELOPMENT PLAN

Kumbalagodu Gollahalli



Village ward no.

Village name: Kumbalgodu Gollahalli

Gram panchayat: Hulimangla

District: Bengaluru

State: Karnataka

INTRODUCTION:

Unnat Bharat Abhiyan (UBA) is propelled by the vision of ground breaking change in country improvement processes by utilizing information foundations to assist with building the design of an Inclusive India. The Mission of Unnat Bharat Abhiyan is to empower higher instructive establishments to work with individuals of country India in recognizing advancement challenges and developing fitting answers for speeding up supportable development. The main aim of this program is to establish a bridge between the society and academic system by providing knowledge and practices to upgrade their capabilities in their respected sectors, which help in the development of rural India.

ISBR college has conducted a socio demographic survey to understand the problems which were faced in the village in order to develop action plan to address the key issues in collaboration with gram panchayat, other community members and other people who are interested in development of village. key issues from the survey and the action plan is addressed below.

VILLAGE BACKGROUND:

Kumbalagodu Gollahalli is one of the five villages which was allotted to ISBR college for the development of rural Karnataka under UBA scheme. K Gollahalli is located in rural Bangalore district and located 29 kms from ISBR college, phase-1 electronic city, Bangalore. 166 population with 38 households. Majority of population are farming their own land and sharecropping/farming leased land.

OBJECTIVES:

Based on the survey of households, village survey and gram Sabha and preliminary discussions with gram panchayat. The objectives are to be carried out by ISBR college in the village is defined below:

1. To effectively participate in development of the village by preparing the integrated plan by using local resources to improve the standard living of villagers.
2. To support respected authorities of village and gram panchayat by providing required inputs and development plan.
3. Effective interaction with the village people to communicate how this survey leads to the development of their village.

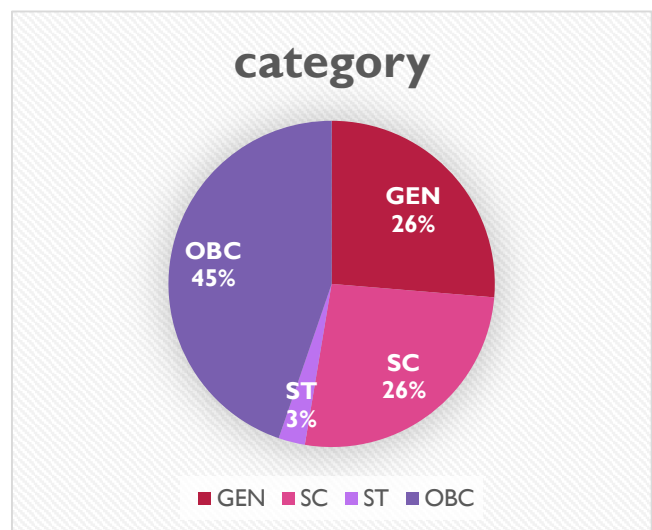
METHODOLOGY:

To fulfil the objectives for the purpose of the village development, the plans that the team of ISBR College followed and will be following are as given below:

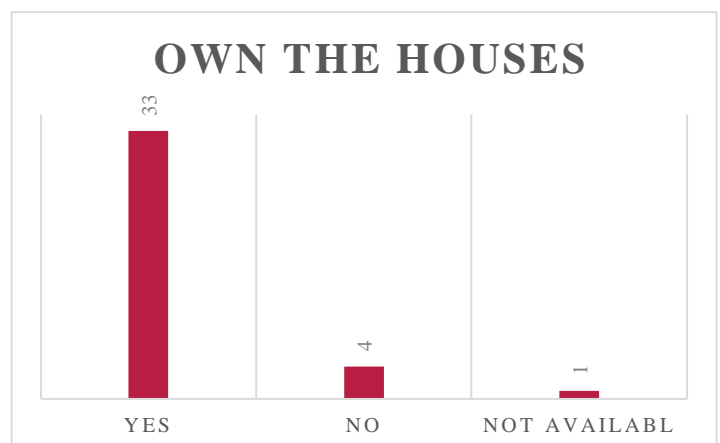
- Meeting with Grama Panchayath improvement officials and Grama Panchayath individuals.
- Directed Household overview by utilizing the Unnat Bharat Abhiyan 'Household study' survey.
- Directed Village overview by utilizing the Unnat Bharat Abhiyan 'Village study' survey.
- Data entry of the household survey and village survey completed based on the problems identified in the village survey.
- Examined about the UBA Program with head of gram panchayat and panchayat raj of the district and got the assent letter from them, on 27th October 2022.

Representation of Village data

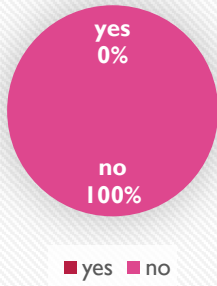
During the survey it was found out that the village included a fine mix of male and female. Both Male and Female were counted 83. Along with that it was found out that majority of the population were from OBC category followed by GEN and SC.



Among the 38 households that were surveyed 33 owned the houses whereas only 4 families didn't have their own house, also 1 person wasn't available to answer.



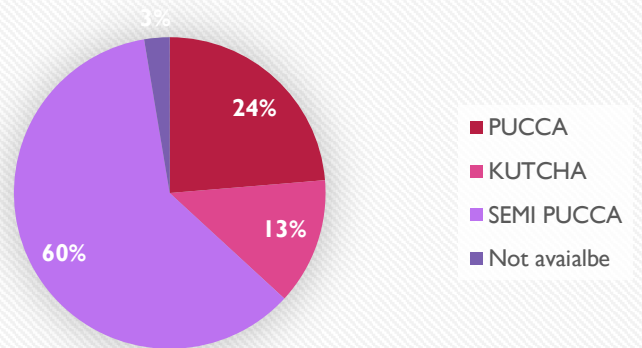
Migration



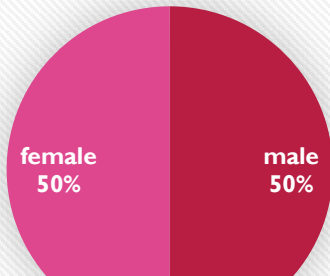
Migration Status of the village

Types of houses in the village and the percentage of different houses:

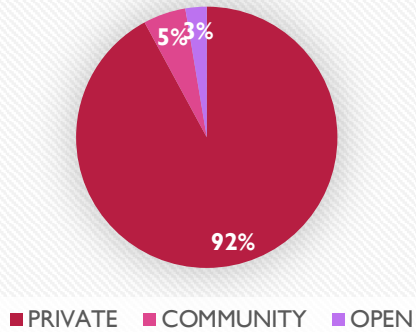
Type of House



Population



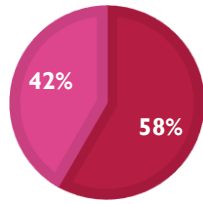
Toilets



Out of the total households 35 had private toilets, 1 had open defecation whereas 2 households use community.

SOURCE OF WATER

■ piped ■ community ■ hand pump ■ open well



Among the 48 house holds that were surveyed 42% families had access to community water where as 58% had access to piped water.

ANIMAL SHELTER

Not Available
22%



kutchha
11%



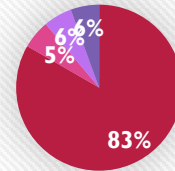
pen
22%



pucca
45%



Livestock

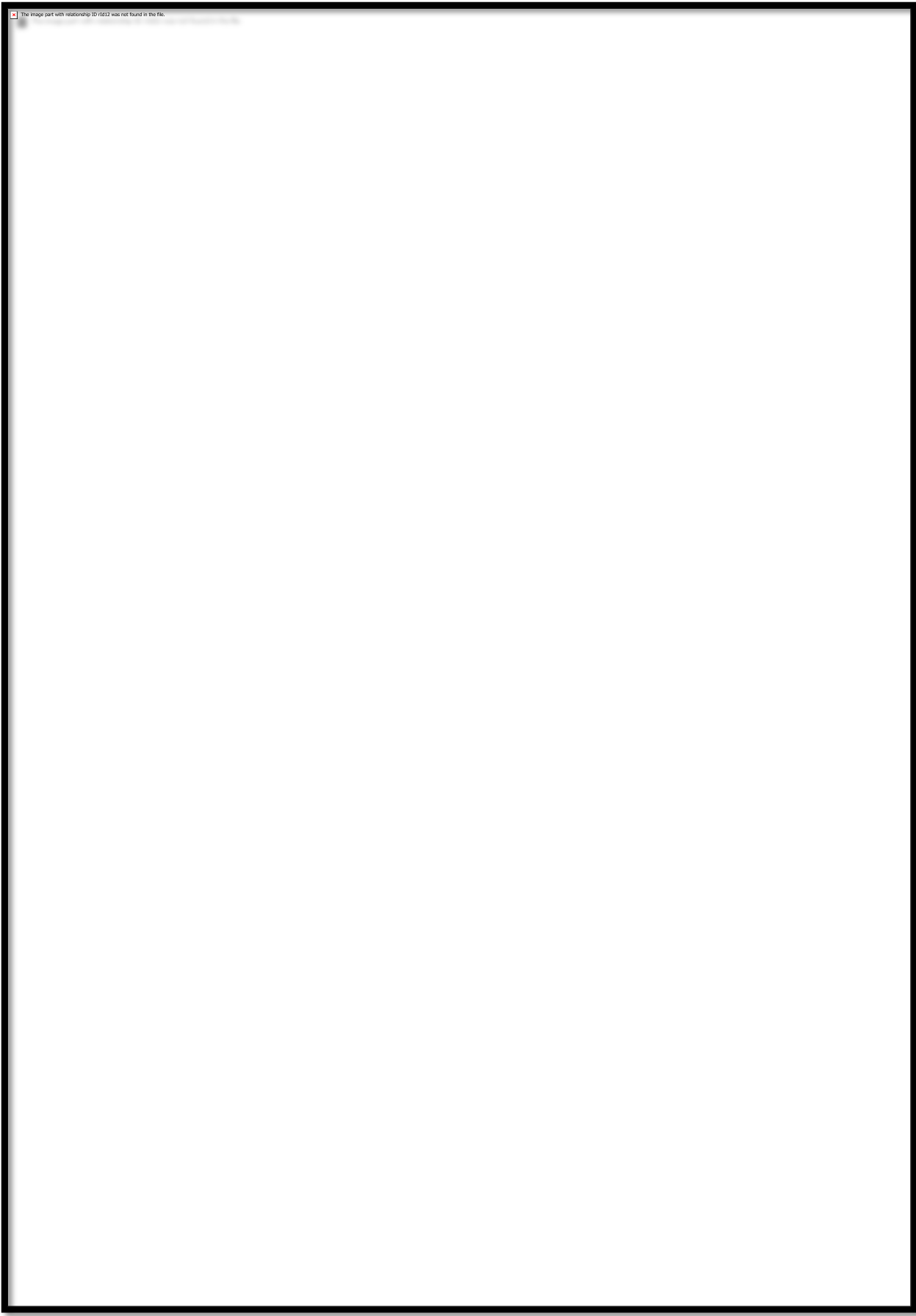


■ cows ■ Buffalo ■ poultry ■ goats

Livestock available in the village is

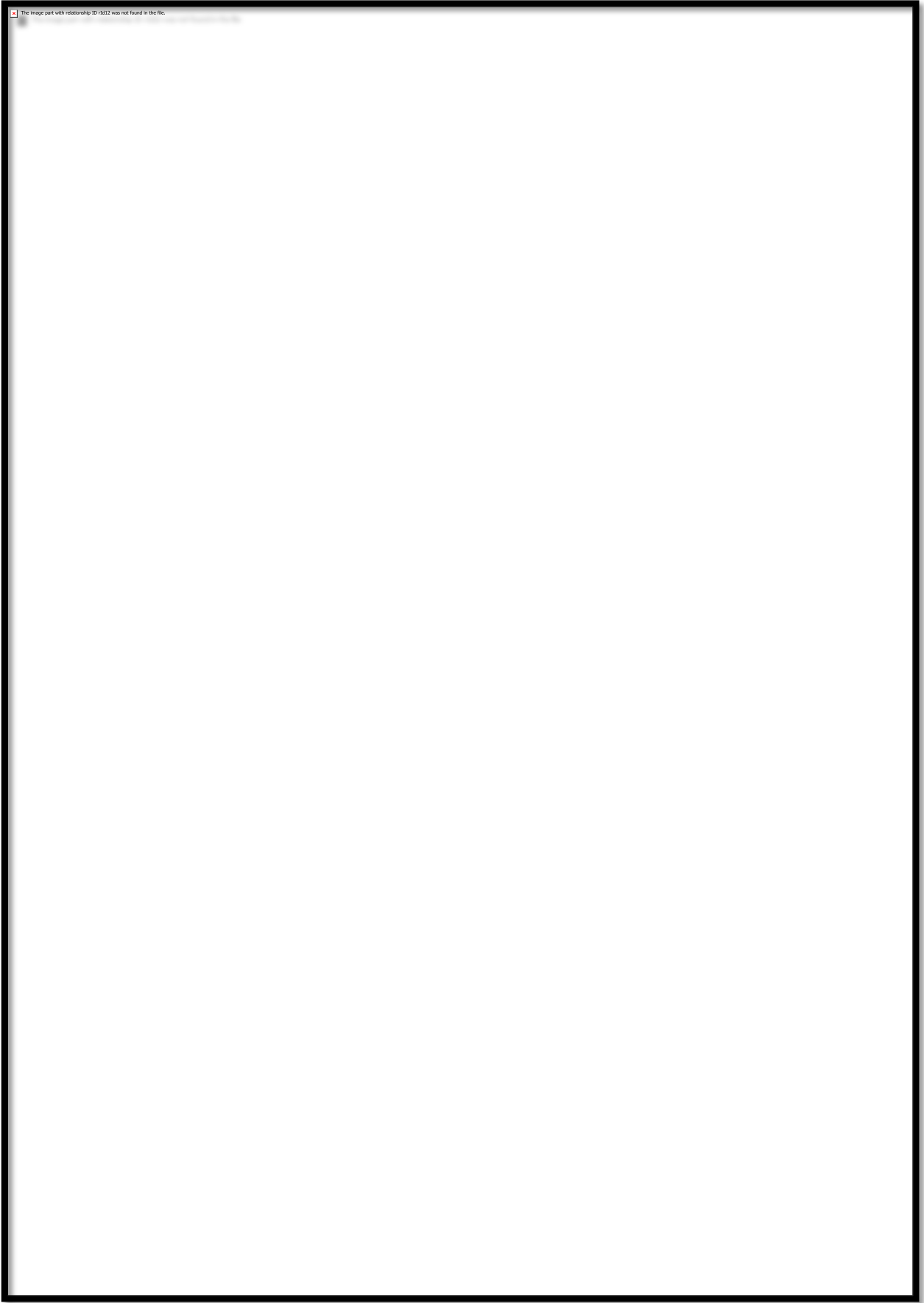
VILLAGE SURVEY FORM:

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HOUSEHOLD SURVEY FORM:

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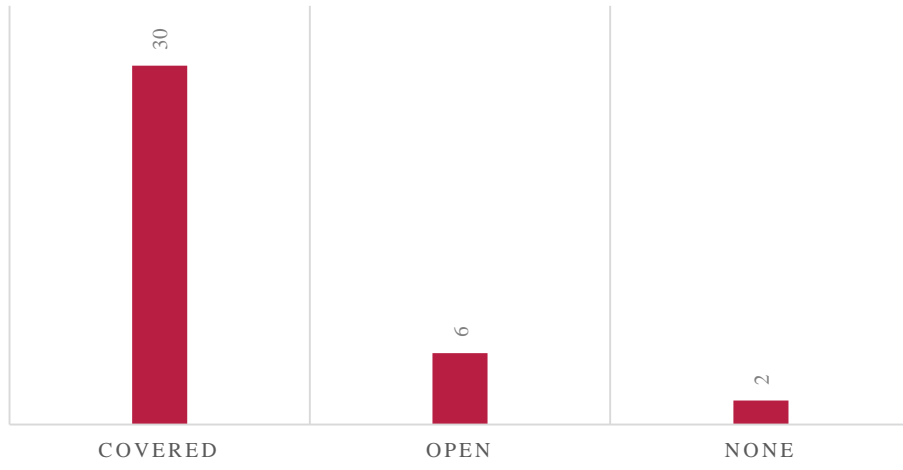
ISSUES EMERGING/IDENTIFIED:

Various issues and problems that were identified during the household survey, village survey was:

1. DRAINAGE:

As per the survey it was found that out of 38 families 6 families faced the problem with open drainage and lacked hygienic drainage facility which caused several health and living problems. There is an urgent need to improve the sanitation and drainage facility in the village. Household waste collection or waste management system is poor. Managing the waste generated in the village is very important. 6 households do not have the drainage system linked, and only 32 households have a covered drainage linked to their households.

DRAINAGE



2. TRANSPORTATION:

Data revealed that the transport system needs improvement with more mini bus services or alternate facility. However, when cross verified with the people through discussions, this is not a priority need.

3. HOSPITAL FACILITY

A major part of the village lacked the hospital facility. Health care facility has to be improved in the village. Making people aware and conscious about the health requirements is an important component. They didn't had access to minimum hospital facility but while going through the survey it was found out that it was not a primary need/issue of the village.

4. WATER STORAGE

The village's drinking water supply has to be improved. Here in this village no homes rely on other sources of drinking water, which includes panchayat (community taps) or other sources but they do rely more on the community tap which can also lead to health problems. Drinking water quality can be improved by regulating and monitoring proper water delivery through various state/central initiatives. Household drinking water facilities with sufficient water filtration can help protect children and families from waterborne infections.



5. DUMP YARD

Village faced severe dumping facility; the waste collection system of this village is average. The waste collection system needs to improve. There was limited designated place for disposal of the garbage which led to accumulation of the waste at several places leading to unhygienic conditions and problems. While talking with the household it was found out that waste disposal was become a major issue that was faced by the village and no concrete solution was provided to resolve the issue.

6. LACK OF AWARENESS OF VARIOUS SCHEMES

99% household lacked the information of various schemes and benefits that were being provided by the government. Different sections of the society didn't had knowledge of the schemes that were offered by the government. This clearly indicates the lack of awareness among the household and the villagers. The statistics on the awareness level of individuals and households following these schemes are very poor.

